Stephen H. Schneider*

Melvin and Joan Lane Professor for Interdisciplinary Environmental Studies,

Professor, Department of Biological Sciences Senior fellow, Woods Institute for the Environment Stanford University

The Key Vulnerabilities and Risks of Climate Change

Fifth Annual California Climate Change Research Conference

September 10, 2008

2:25-2:35pm

Sacramento, California

*[Website for more info: climatechange.net.]







2. English
3. Fransais
4. Arabiy
5. Russkis
6. Zhongwen
8. Español English Français APR. 2, 2007 10:20

The "PAO":

APPENDIX 2

OUTLINE FOR THE IPCC WORKING GROUP II CONTRIBUTION TO THE FOURTH ASSESSMENT REPORT

CLIMATE CHANGE 2007: IMPACTS, ADAPTATION AND VULNERABILITY

Agreed by Plenary XXI, Vienna, 2004

19. Assessing Key Vulnerabilities and the Risk from Climate Change

- Methods and concepts: issues relating to Article 2 of the UNFCCC; reasons for concern;
- measuring damage; identifying key impacts and vulnerabilities, and their risk of occurrence
- Approaches to determining levels of climate change for key impacts
- Assessing key global risks
- Assessing key risks for regions and sectors
- Assessment of response strategies to avoid occurrence: stabilisation scenarios;
- mitigation/adaptation strategies; avoiding irreversibilities; role of sustainable development; treatment of uncertainty
- Uncertainties, unknowns, priorities for research

IPCC AR4 WG 2 Chapter 19: Seven criteria for assessing and defining "key vulnerabilities*":

- 1. magnitude
- 2. distribution
- 3. timing
- 4. persistence and reversibility
- 5. likelihood and confidence
- 6. potential for adaptation
- 7. "importance" of the vulnerable system

^{*}No single metric can adequately capture the diversity of key vulnerabilities, nor determine their ranking.

Adaptation and Mitigation are Complements, not Trade-offs!

Adaptation and Mitigation are Complements, not Trade-offs!

-Adaptation to unavoidable climate changes

Adaptation and Mitigation are Complements, not Trade-offs!

-Adaptation to unavoidable climate changes

-Mitigation of changes that are too difficult to adapt to

Top Down

$$I \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \\ \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \\ \end{bmatrix}$$

emission scenarios

?

carbon cycle response

?

global climate sensitivity

?

regional climate change scenarios

?

range of possible impacts

Cascade of Uncertainties.

Projected CO₂ concentrations using IPCC storylines

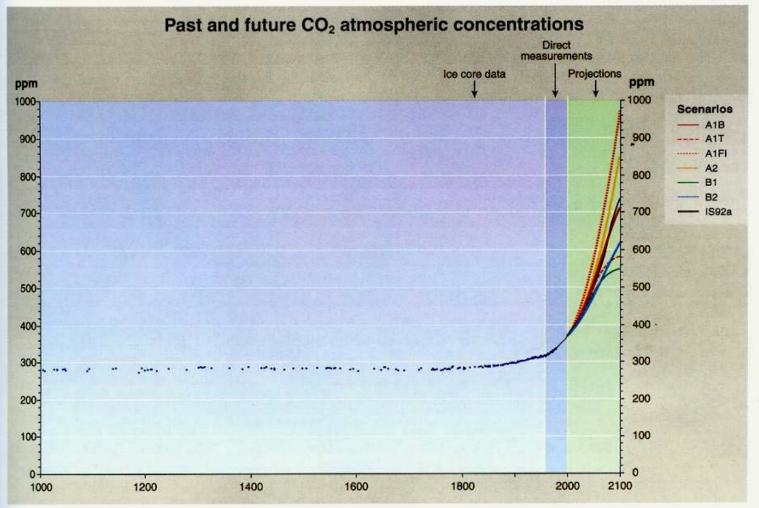


Figure SPM-10a: Atmospheric CO₂ concentration from year 1000 to year 2000 from ice core data and from direct atmospheric measurements over the past few decades. Projections of CO₂ concentrations for the period 2000 to 2100 are based on the six illustrative SRES scenarios and IS92a (for comparison with the SAR).



Q9 Figure 9-1a

Need New Paradigm:

Need New Paradigm:

Not just top down—linear cascade

Need New Paradigm:

Not just top down—linear cascade

but bottom up: regional, sectoral and groups' vulnerability analysis mapped to top down analyses

Questions?

Comments??